

GEOGRAPHY - Curriculum Overview

	Chronological understanding	Geographical Vocabulary		
KS1	Name and locate the seven continents of the world Pupils can name and locate the five oceans of the world Pupils can name and locate at least three of the four countries of the United Kingdom Pupils can name two of the four capital cities of the United Kingdom Pupils can name two of the four capital cities of the United Kingdom Place Knowledge Pupils have studied a small area in the U.K and in a non-European country and are able to identify similarities and differences in human and physical geography Human and Physical Geography Pupils can identify seasonal and daily weather patterns Pupils can locate hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and North and South Poles Pupils can use a wide range of basic geographical vocabulary to refer to human features Pupils can use a wide range of basic geographical vocabulary to refer to physical features Geographical Skills and Fieldwork Pupils can use simple compass directions Pupils can use simple compass directions Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features Create their own map and construct basic symbols in a key.	World Continent Asia Africa Europe South America North America Australasia Antarctica Oceans Atlantic Ocean Pacific Ocean Southern Ocean Indian Ocean Arctic Ocean England Ireland Wales Scotland London Cardiff Edinburgh Belfast	Autumn Winter Spring Summer Equator North Pole South Pole Desert Antarctica Antarctic Human Features: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop Physical Features: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather	Map Key Atlas Globe North East South West

^{*}In each topic there will be subject-specific vocabulary as well as Geographical vocabulary.

	Chronological understanding	Geographical Vocabulary		
LKS2	Locational Knowledge	Latitude	Human Features:	Digital Mapping
	 Pupils can locate countries in Europe, North and South America on a 		types of settlement and	Compass
	map	Longitude	land use, economic	North East
	 Pupils can locate cities of the United Kingdom and are beginning to 		activity including trade	North West
	identify counties	Equator	links, and the distribution of natural	South East South West
	Pupils can identify and explain the significance of at least 4 of these		resources including	Grid reference
	terms: latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern	Northern Hemisphere	energy, food, minerals	dia reference
	Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, the Prime/ Greenwich Meridian and time zones		and water	
	Clicle, the Fillie/ Greenwich Mendian and time zones	Southern Hemisphere		
	Place Knowledge	oodinom normophoro	Physical Features:	
	Pupils have studied a region of the U.K, a region in a European country	Tropics of Cancer and	climate zones, biomes	
	and a region within North or South America and are beginning to	Capricorn	and vegetation belts,	
	identify similarities and differences between the physical and human	Capricorn	rivers, mountains,	
	geography	Aratia / Antaratia	volcanoes and	
		Arctic / Antarctic	earthquakes, and the water cycle	
	Human and Physical Geography	Circle	water cycle	
	Pupils can describe an increased range of human features	5. /6		
	Pupils can describe an increased range of Physical features	Prime/ Greenwich		
	Congression Chille and Fieldwark	Meridian		
	Geographical Skills and Fieldwork			
	 Pupils are becoming more confident at using maps, atlases, globes and digital/ computer mapping to locate countries and describe 	Time zones		
	features studied			
	 Pupils are beginning to use eight points of a compass, four figure grid 			
	references and are becoming more confident with symbols and key			
	(including the use of Ordnance Survey Maps)			
	Pupils can use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the			
	human and physical features in the local area practising using: sketch			
	maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies.			

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KEY STAGE 1

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Y E A R	Maps – Our School What is around our school?		Locational knowledge – Our Country How wonderful is our country?		Place Knowledge – China How is Crewkerne different from China?	
Y E A R		Magical Maps Where can maps take you?		Locational Knowledge – 7 continents Why is the world wonderful?		Place Knowledge – Africa What will we see on safari?

KEY STAGE 2

Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Marvellous Maps.		Cold Environments		Water Cycle	
NA//		Climates		Global Citizenship	
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	Can the Earth shake		Plastic Pollution	_	Coasts
	rattle and roll?		Global Citizenship		
		Marvellous Maps. Why do we need them? Can the Earth shake	Marvellous Maps. Why do we need them? Can the Earth shake	Marvellous Maps. Why do we need them? Can the Earth shake Cold Environments Climates Plastic Pollution	Marvellous Maps. Why do we need them? Cold Environments Climates Cold Environments Climates Water Cycle Global Citizenship Plastic Pollution